

PROGRAM OVERVIEW Grades K-5

SOCIAL STUDIES

INTERACTIVE

Inspired by you.

SOCIAL STUDIES INTERACTIVE

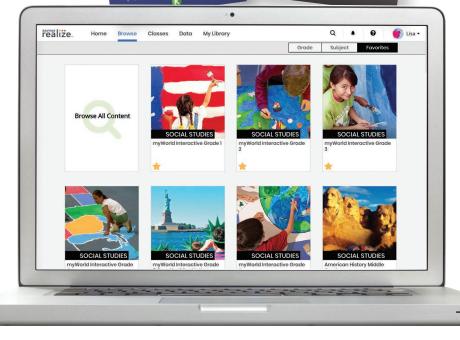
Inspired by you

All-new **myWorld Interactive** encourages students to explore their world, expand their thinking, and engage their college, career, and civic awareness.

The curriculum is flexible and easily adapts to every classroom.

- ACTIVITY-BASED LEARNING
- STRONG LITERACY CONNECTIONS
- WIDE RANGE OF TEACHING OPTIONS

Create active, responsible citizens who can make a difference now.



OCIAL STUDIES



Walkthrough Page 12

> SOCIAL STUDIES United States Regions

INTERACTIVE

SOCIAL STUDIES Growth of Our Nation

SOCIAL STUDIES Building Our Country

Inspire active learning

SOCIAL STUDIES

TUDIES

Project-Based Learning

creates rich inquiry experiences that develop skills for active and responsible citizenship.

Inspire literacy engagement

Lessons help students read closely, analyze information, and communicate academic, well-defended ideas.

Inspire your classroom

Teaching Options and Resources provide access and equity for culturally responsive teaching, differentiation needs, delivery approaches, and time constraints.

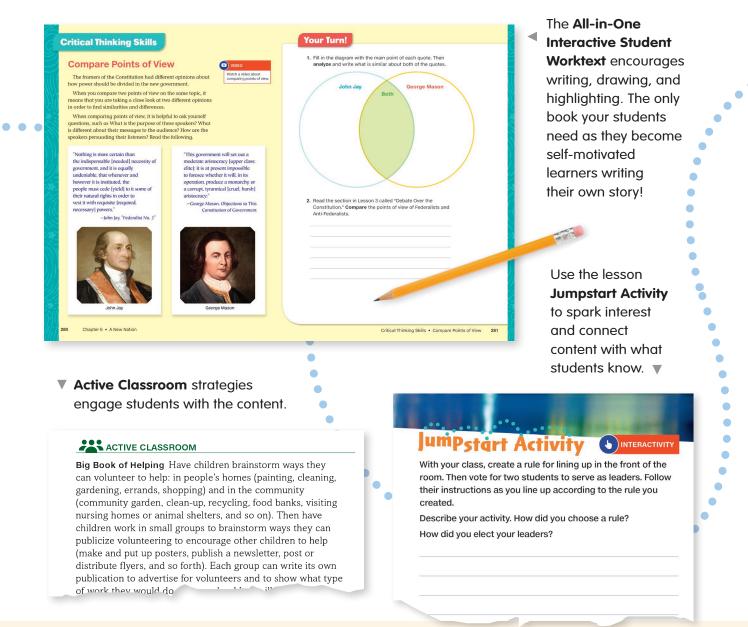
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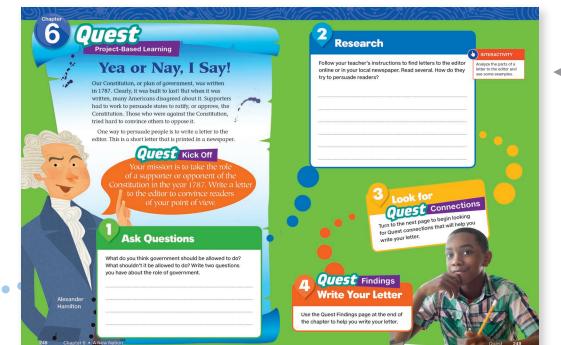
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Interactive! It's in Our Name

myWorld Interactive engages students in real-world activities and practices of citizenship. Students investigate and collaborate as they explore Social Studies content.

A True Inquiry Experience





Take students on Project-Based Quests. These long-term chapter activities engage students in rich inquiry experiences.

SOCIAL STUDIES Growth of Our Nation

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+ Citizenship

Citizensnip

Quality: Speaking Out for



Abigail Adams (1744–1818) Remember the Ladies

•

Abigail Adams lived a remarkable life. She lived through the American Revolution and the Constitutional era. In a way that was typical of the times Adams lived in, she did not receive a formal education. She read a lot and worked hard to teach herself. She was widely admired as an intelligent and capable woman. Abigail sokek up for the rights of women at a time when women had few rights.

When Abigail's husband, John Adams, served as a delegate to the Constitutional Congress in Philadelphia, she managed their family and farm. The couple wrote many letters to each other about politics and home life. As John and his fellow delegates worked to create a government, Abigail wrote in part, "In the new Code of Laws . . . I desire you would remember the ladies." Although the framers of the Constitution did not follow Abigail's advice, she continued to speak and write for the rights of women.

Find Out More

 Abigail Adams wrote these words in 1776. Review Lesson 4. When did women gain the right to vote? Which amendment to the Constitution gave voting rights to women?

Women fought for many years to amend, or change, the Constitution and win the right to vote. Create a series of questions with your classmates and survey students in your school to find out what amendment they would add to the Constitution today. Biographies model important citizenship skills and tie in realworld applications and civic life.

Find additional, quick, hands-on activities for your students in the myWorld Activity Guide. Engage all learners through these varied learning experiences.

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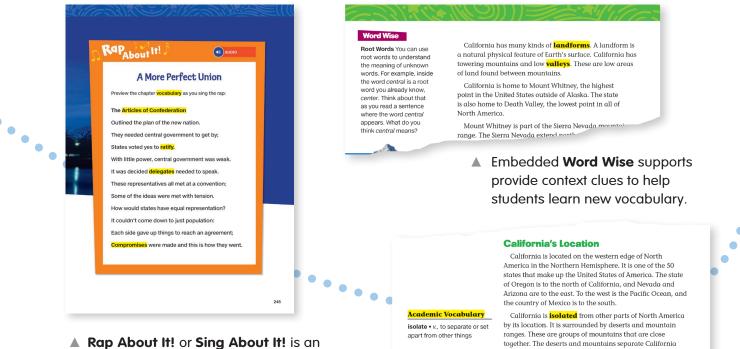
GUIDE

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Literacy for Everyone

Every minute of every lesson is a literacy opportunity. Students read text closely, build vocabulary and language skills, and use evidence to articulate their ideas in writing.

Supports ELA Instruction. Correlates to any ELA Program.



Chapter 1

Rap About it! or Sing About it! is an interactive way to introduce key vocabulary and energize students for learning.



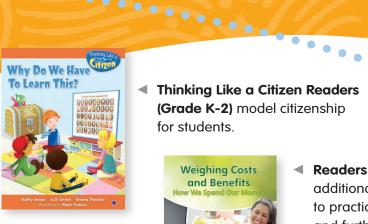
Academic Vocabulary and content vocabulary are defined in context, helping students pause and understand the text.

from other areas where many people live. This means that

if you wanted to travel to a big city outside of California, you would need to cross mountains or deserts to get there.

 Students publish their Narrative Writing using the digital studio from TikaTok.com.

Use During a Reading Block!



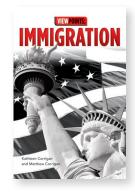
Thinking Like a Citizen Readers (Grade K-2) model citizenship for students.



Readers allow students ◄ additional opportunities to practice literacy skills and further develop language skills and content knowledge.

••••••••

Content Readers (Grade 3-5) engage students in highinterest topics.



Your Turn!

1. What are the main ideas and details of the paragraphs describing the restaurant? Fill in the organizer showing the main idea and details from the first paragraph. Use the box labeled "Summary" to write a short statement that summarizes the paragraph. Use your own words to sum up what you have read.

MAIN IDEA



SPECIAL EDUCATION

▲ **Your Turn!** invites the application of knowledge in context extending outside of the classroom.

Differentiate for All Students

- **EMERGING**
- EXPANDING BELOW
- BRIDGING ADVANCED

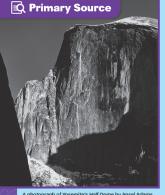


Summarize

When you **summarize** something you read, you retell it in your own words. Summaries help you check your understanding of what you read. They are usually short, no longer than a few sentences.

To write a summary, you have to understand the main idea and details of what you are reading. Read the paragraphs here and look for the main idea and details

▲ Integrate Literacy Skills instruction to teach students important reading comprehension skills, such as summarizing.



Ansel Adams, The Portfolios of Ansel Adams

You have read about Yosemite National Park, one of the best-known national parks in the country emite is located in the Sierra Nevada. In the park, you can visit thick pine forests, giant rock cliffs, waterfalls, and streams. It attracts tourists from all over the world. One person who visited Yosemite in the 1900s was the photographer Ansel Adams. He loved Yosemite a took famous photographs of it. He also wrote about the natural wonders he found in the Yosemite Valley.

Vocabulary Support that can match the power the huge size may be all you notice at first e see and appreciat edifice, n., building, structure patina, n., thin layer colossal, adj., huge dominate, v., contro

Chapter 1

'Yosemite Valley, to me, is always a sunrise, a glitter of green and golden wonder in a vast edifice of stone and space. I know of no sculpture, painting, or music that exceeds the compelling spiritual command of the soaring shape of the granite cliff and dome, of patina of light on rock and forest, and of the thunder and whispering of the falling, flowing waters. At first the <mark>colossal</mark> aspect may <mark>dominate</mark>: then we perceive and respond to the delicate and persuasive complex of nature."

- Ansel Adams, The Portfolios of Ansel Adams

▲ Analysis of **Primary Source** lessons supports vocabulary, close reading, and shorter evidence-based writing.

Freedom and Flexibility

This is our most flexible social studies curriculum yet. Multiple options and pathways accommodate every teacher, classroom, and schedule.

myWorld Interactive Supports Your World

Comprehensive Path

Teach a comprehensive Social Studies curriculum that balances content, activities, and literacy connections. Choose Your Path! Make the Most of Your Time

Activitybased Path

Teach through activities that promote student engagement, real-world problem solving, and creativity.

Content and Literacy Path

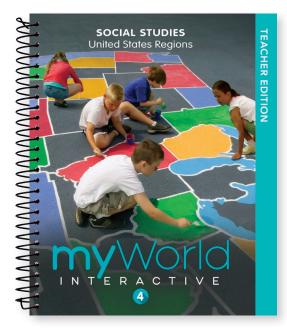
Teach students how to comprehend nonfiction with a reading and writing strategy-based approach.

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Teaching Ideas, Strategies, and Inspiration!

- Active Classroom Strategies
- Chapter Assessments
- Chapter at a Glance
- Citizenship Lessons
- Common Misconceptions
- Complete Lesson Plans
- Critical Thinking & Writing Strategies
- Curriculum Connections: Literacy, Geography, Math, and Science

- Differentiated Instruction
- Integrated ELD Strategies
- Jumpstart Activities
- Literacy Skills Lessons
- Pacing Guides
- Primary Source Lessons
- Review Strategies
- Visual Review Strategies
- Vocabulary Strategies
- Writer's Workshop
- Writing Activities



Student Components

Student Worktext: The consumable student worktext includes standards-based social studies content, interactivities, and skills instruction.

Student Activity Mats: Activity-centered, double-sided, dry-erase desk mats provide maps, outline maps, timelines, and activities.

Readers: Readers aligned to each chapter topic provide students with additional content knowledge while they practice their literacy skills.

Content Readers: An additional content reader per chapter, on a high interest topic, available in Grades 3-5.

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Teacher Components

Teacher Edition: Full lesson plans develop social studies content knowledge, critical thinking skills, and civic engagement. Instruction supports all standards.

Activity Guide: Use these activity-based supplemental lesson plans and blackline masters for long-term inquiry projects, quick activities, and Readers Theater.

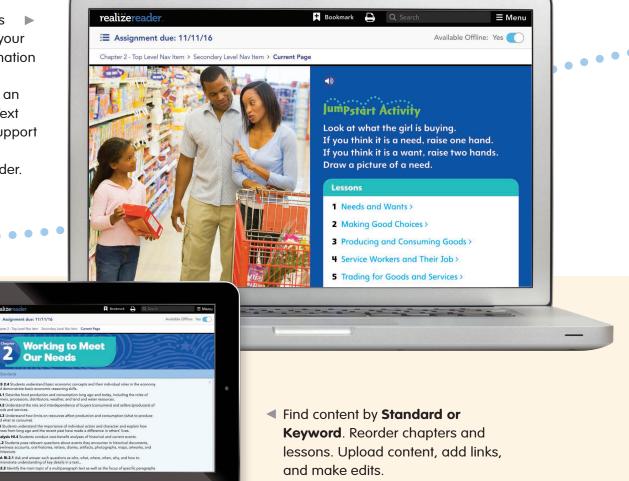
Classroom Reader Lesson Plans: Instructional strategies, guidance, and learning supports save you time preparing lessons for every additional reader and content reader.

Realize a Better Way

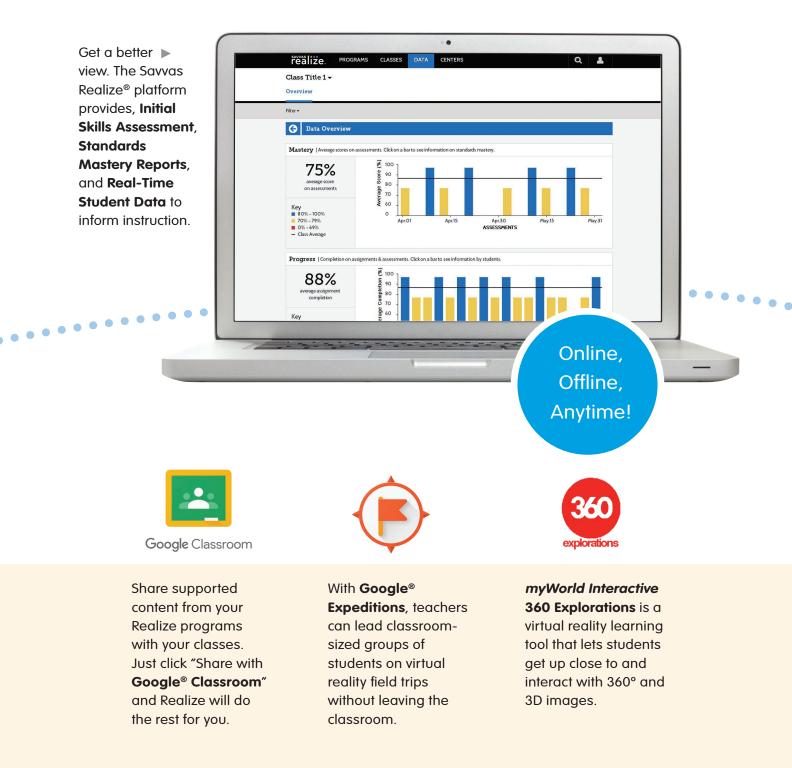
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Try a Free Demo Today! Sign up at SavvasRealize.com

Realize works ► directly with your School Information System (SIS) and includes an interactive eText with audio support called the Realize[™] Reader.



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Welcome! Sample a Student Lesson

Inspire Inquiry

The **Chapter Opener** initiates student inquiry with a compelling question and engaging activities.

The Big Question •••••• sparks student curiosity and sets up the chapter's inquiry experience.

Shift to **Digital Resources** •• to boost motivation and extend learning.



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Activate student learning with a fun and engaging Jumpstart Activity.



 Go Online Anytime!
 Use a whiteboard or projector for fun wholegroup activities.

Sing About It!

•••••

What We Buy

Preview the chapter **vocabulary** by singing the song to the tune of "Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star."

We all **need** and **want** some things For the uses that they bring.

All **producers** try and try To make things we want to buy.

Workers make the goods so well Add a price to make them sell.

Then they ship them to the store For consumers to explore.

Choices like how much to pay Take place at the stores each day.

A decision must be made, Then the final bill gets paid. The **Sing About It!** feature uses catchy tunes to introduce important chapter vocabulary in context.

Take Students on a Quest

The **Quest** provides a chapter-level inquiry project to connect new ideas and experiences.

The **Quest Kickoff** •••• challenges students with a project that requires problem solving, investigation, and social skills.

> Support Speaking and Listening Skills

Lend a Hand to Farmer Fran

Writing Using Sources

Quest

QUEST Kick Off

I'm Farmer Fran and I grow grapes, carrots, and artichokes. I don't have time to write an ad telling folks about my farm products. I want something fun. Can you do it for me?

Chapter 4 • People Who Supply Our Goods and Services

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3 Types of Quest Inquiry Experiences

- Project-Based Learning Inquiry
- Document-Based Inquiry
- Civic Discussion Inquiry

Start with a Brainstorm

Pick one product and ask yourself questions to help you write the ad, such as *What is special about Farmer Fran's produce? How much will it cost?* Write down your ideas.

Learn more about Fran's farm and how an ad could help her.

2

Look for **QUEST** Connections

Turn to the next page to begin looking for Quest connections that will help you write your ad.

Write Up Your QUEST Findings Use the Quest Findings page at the end of the chapter to help you write your ad. Look for Active Classroom Strategies in the Teacher Edition

•••• **Preview Steps** help students approach the Quest in manageable chunks. Look for **Quest Connections** in the chapter to further learning.

Quest Findings allow students to "pull it all together" with performancebased learning tasks.

Foster Critical Thinking

Inquiry fuels **Critical Thinking**. Students develop the capacity to analyze, evaluate, and work with others.

Each chapter targets ••• a foundational **Critical Thinking Skill**. A real-life context reflects students' own experiences.

Citizenship in Action Requires Critical Thinking

Inquiry-Based Critical Thinkers...

- Ask questions
- Examine sources
- Listen to other views
- Use evidence
- Draw inferences
- Analyze information
- Weigh all the evidence
- Develop supported claims

Critical Thinking Skills

Analyze Costs and Benefits

Maria gets some money as a birthday gift. She must make a choice. She will either buy a zoo ticket or a board game.

Maria looks at the cost and benefits of each item. The **cost** is the money or price of something. The cost is also what you might have to give up or the work it takes. The **benefit** is the good result from a choice.



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Benefits: I can learn

Cost: \$20

.....

about animals. I can see the baby panda that was just born.

Maria decides to buy the zoo ticket. It costs more than the game. But she will learn a lot about animals. She can also see the baby panda before it grows up.

Chapter 4 • People Who Supply Our Goods and Services

Critical Thinking and Writing

 An orange farmer has limited resources. Should he buy a machine to pick oranges or have workers pick them? Look at the chart. Mark an X on what you would choose to do.

What Should We Choose?				
Activity	Benefits	Cost	Choice	
Pick with a	1. Can harvest a lot	Costs a lot		

••• Writing Activities engage students in critical thinking. Students analyze information to build their understanding.

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Your Turn!

 Read the benefits and the cost of each item. Mark an X in the box for the item you would choose. Review and practice what you learned about costs and benefits.

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Your Turn! Activities develop thoughtful, engaged citizens. Students apply inquiry-based critical thinking skills to demonstrate their learning.

 Visuals and Graphic
 Organizers help students interact with the content and internalize learning.

Integrate Literacy & Content

Each lesson scaffolds complex text. **Literacy** and **Vocabulary Support** improve Social Studies content knowledge and skills.

2 Food Producers

Begin each lesson ••• with an engaging Jumpstart Activity to get the "sparks flying."



I will know farmers use the land to produce food.



 Vocabulary producers harvest

 Academic Vocabulary natural

• JumPstart Activity

Name your favorite fruit or vegetable. Draw a picture showing where you think it comes from.

Who Are Producers?

Producers are people who make or grow the things that other people need and want. Producers make the furniture, dishes, and clothes people use. They build the homes where people live.

Other producers make food for people to buy and eat. Bakers make bread. Cooks prepare soups. Cheesemakers produce cheese and yogurt.

 Reading Check Use Evidence from Text
 Underline two things that producers make for people to eat.

Clearly identified •••••• Vocabulary Terms remind students to focus on essential words.

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- Strong Literacy Support includes chunking text into smaller sections to
 - improve comprehension.

The Role of Farmers •••

Farmers produce most food that people buy in stores. Some farmers grow fruits and vegetables like tomatoes, lettuce, and strawberries. Other farmers raise chickens for meat and eggs. Others raise dairy cows for milk.

Farms in the past were usually small. Farmers had horses or oxen to help them plant crops. Many farms today are still small, but some are large. Farmers now use big machines. These help them do their work.

Reading Check Look at the picture. Draw an X on the food in the field. Circle the name of the food in the text.

Word Wise

Highlight a word that means the same as *large*. Underline a word that means the opposite. Support English Language Development

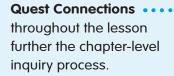
Word Wise Activities develop students' word acumen to help build understanding of how words work.



Reading Checks encourage students to interact with the write-in text and apply critical thinking skills like supporting their claims with evidence.

Check Student Progress

Formative Assessments encourage student growth and ongoing teacher feedback.



Academic Vocabulary •• is defined at the point of use. Multiple encounters improve retention. **QUESC Connection** Describe the kind of work done on a farm.

INTERACTIVITY Learn more about farm work.

Academic Vocabulary natural • from nature; not made by people

Planting and Harvesting

Farmers need resources, or supplies, to produce food. **Natural** resources are air, sunlight, water, and soil. Capital resources are money and tools such as tractors. Human resources are workers who **harvest** or pick the crops.

Look for Active Classroom Strategies In the Teacher Edition

ACTIVE CLASSROOM

Big Book of Helping Have children brainstorm ways they can volunteer to help: in people's homes (painting, cleaning, gardening, errands, shopping) and in the community (community garden, clean-up, recycling, food banks, visiting nursing homes or animal shelters, and so on). Then have children work in small groups to brainstorm ways they can publicize volunteering to encourage other children to help (make and put up posters, publish a newsletter, post or distribute flyers, and so forth). Each group can write its own publication to advertise for volunteers and to show what type of work they would do





lesson.

Check your understanding of the key ideas of this

Online Interactivities
 engage students, support
 class instruction, and
 provide assessment
 in context.

Different crops grow best at different times of the year. Some crops need more land or water than others to grow well. Some crops such as strawberries must be quickly harvested when they are ripe. Then the food will be fresh in the stores for people to buy. Other crops last longer and can be stored.

3. Reading Check Look at the picture. Circle a natural resource. Draw an X on a capital resource. Draw a box around a human resource.

Lesson 2 Check

- **4. Main Idea and Details** Underline the three kinds of resources farmers need.
- 5. Why are farmers important producers?

6. QUEST Connections Think about the work farmers do. What can you say in your ad about Farmer Fran's fruit and vegetables?

The Reading Check

focuses on student comprehension, including the ability to read and understand visuals.

The **Lesson Check** monitors student mastery of reading skills and Social Studies content.

 Checkpoints help determine progress toward the chapterlevel Quest project.

Build Literacy Skills

Students practice **Literacy Skills** as they engage with content to meet the C3 Framework and State Standards.

Literacy Skills Lessons ••• support students' reading comprehension. Students learn how to read a text closely and evaluate its content.

Models show students ••• how the task is accomplished for selfdirected learning.

Purposeful Visuals Support English Language Development

Literacy Skills

Identify Main Idea and Details

When you read a paragraph or listen to someone speak, look and listen for the main idea and details. The main idea tells you what the information is about. Details tell you more about the main idea.

Read the paragraph below. The main idea is circled. The details are underlined.

Long ago, farmers had few tools to help them. Plowing a field took a long time with a plow pulled by horses. Most farms were small. Many workers were needed to harvest and store the crops in a barn.



Writing Workshop



Keys to Good Writing

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Good writers choose a topic. They research their topic and take notes. Then they follow steps when they write. Here are five steps that will help you become a good writer!



INTERACTIVITY

idea and details.

Review and practice

what you learned about how to identify a main

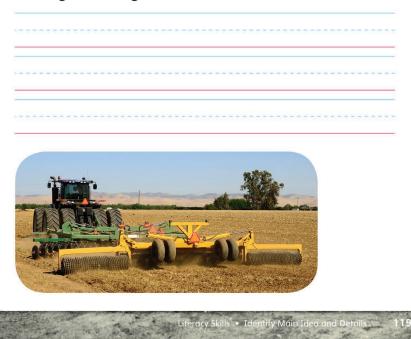
 Multiple opportunities develop students' Writing
 Skills related to Social Studies content.

Your Turn!

1. Read the paragraph. **Circle** the main idea. **Underline** the details.

Today, farmers have machines to help them plow the land and harvest crops. Farms do not need as many workers as they did in the past. Farmers can also work faster. They can farm larger areas of land than they used to.

 Compare both paragraphs. Write a sentence that tells an important detail about how farming has changed.



••• Your Turn! lets students apply the literacy skill to a new task and provides writing practice. Students learn to draw evidence from the text.

Reinforce Comprehension Skills for ELA/ELD instruction.

- Main Idea and Details
- Sequence
- Summarize/Retell
- Using Primary and Secondary Sources
- Cause and Effect
- Compare and Contrast
- Distinguish Fact from Fiction
- And More!

Use Primary Sources

Primary and **Secondary Sources** give students practice understanding photos, documents, objects, and personal accounts. An explicit two-page lesson occurs in every chapter.

A Primary Source

Photograph: Dairy Farm

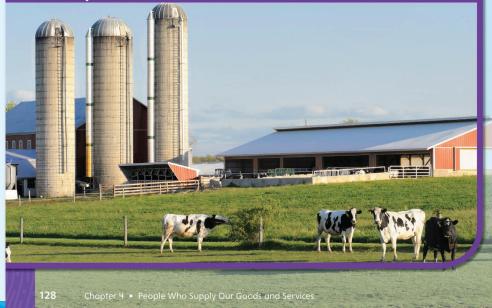
You've learned about the different resources that are needed to produce goods and services. There are natural, capital, and human resources.

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Dairy farmers are producers. They raise cows to produce milk. Suppose you want to know what resources a farmer needs to raise cows.

The photograph below is a primary source that can help you know what is needed. Look carefully at the photograph. What does it show? Take turns asking each other questions about the picture.

Primary Source



A Philosophy, Not Just a Feature

Engage students with •••••• text and visual **Primary Sources** that promote deeper understanding and require critical thinking skills.



Using a Primary Source

Look at the photograph to answer these questions.

- **1.** What are some natural resources a farmer needs to raise cows?
- **2.** What are some capital resources a farmer needs to raise cows?
- **3.** Based on this photograph, what can you write about the size of a dairy farm?

- Engage with activity-centered, double-sided, dry-erase
 Desk Mats that include maps, timelines, and activities to reinforce learning.
- Primary Sources provide students with supported opportunities to analyze sources and draw conclusions from evidence. Students practice analysis skills as called for in the Framework.
- Write answers, draw diagrams, highlight phrases! The Write-In Student Worktext inspires interactivity and personalization.
- Wrap It Up allows students to construct knowledge and synthesize information from the primary source.

Wrap It Up

Summarize what you learned about the resources a dairy farmer needs to raise cows.

Inspire Learning Success

Lessons encourage active citizenship using **Biographies** to celebrate the contributions of many. The **Chapter Assessment** provides thoughtful practice to guide instruction and improve student learning.

Students read about ••••• the diverse people who made history and reflect on important **Citizenship** qualities, such as respect.

> Promote Civic Virtues in Every Chapter

- Determination
- Problem Solving
- Patriotism
- Respect for the Rights of Others
- Honesty
- Courage

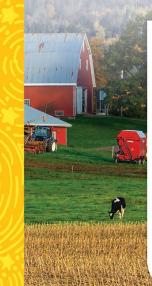
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• And More!



Quality: Respect for the rights of others





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Dolores Huerta Champion for Farm Workers

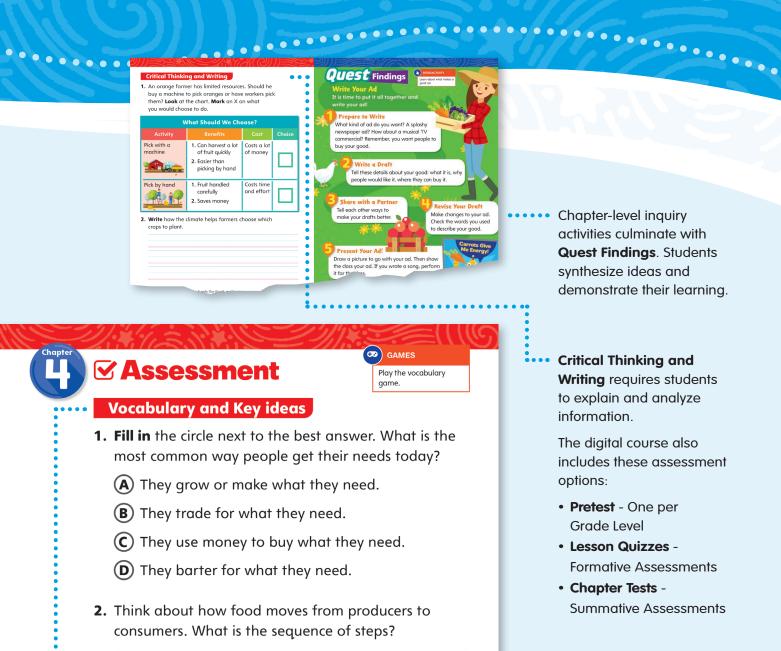
Did you ever stand up for someone who was picked on? How did it feel to face the bully?

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There are many people who show the courage to stand up for others. One person like that was Dolores Huerta. She stood up for the people who picked the fruits and vegetables in California fields. She believed these producers deserved to be treated fairly. She worked to make sure they got fair pay and healthier working conditions. Other people tried to stop her, but Huerta kept going until things got better.

How did Huerta try to improve her community?

Survey Your Friends Identify three things you can do to help people in your community. Survey friends to help you make a choice.



Assessments build on students' understanding of key vocabulary, ideas, and literacy skills that lead to writing.

• The **Citizenship Feature** encourages students to apply their Social Studies learning to their personal lives. Make real-world connections!

SOCIAL STUDIES

IN TERACTIVE



Savvas offers a variety of training options to fit your busy schedule.



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